
An update on the babel system

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Abstract

This article describes the changes that have been made to the `babel` system, since the article describing the system appeared in *TUGboat* Volume 12, number 2. This article announces the release of a new version of the `babel` system.

1 Introduction

Since the publication of the `babel` system in *TUGboat* [1] several changes have occurred. With the new release of L^AT_EX – which appeared at the end of 1991 – the internationalised version I^LA^TE_X, prepared by Joachim Schrod [2] was withdrawn. But some of its functionality was still needed, so a modification of the `babel` system was necessary.

Besides this a couple of bugs were reported and had to be fixed. The major problem was that the language changing commands were not ‘local’, they contained global definitions. In the current version these commands obey grouping correctly.

Some macros that formerly were in language-specific files have been moved to the core of the system, because they are being used in several language-specific files.

2 Changes to the core of `babel`

The changes to the core of the `babel` system are the most extensive.

`\selectlanguage`

The `babel` user-command `\selectlanguage` now also accepts a control sequence as its argument. This was included to provide compatibility for users who were used to the syntax of the original `german.tex`, but wanted to switch to `babel`. The escape character is ‘peeled off’ and the name of the control sequence is then used as the name of the language to select.

Another change to the `\selectlanguage` macro is that it now stores the name of the current language in the control sequence `\languagename`. The contents of this control sequence could be tested in the following way:

```
\edef\tmp{\string english}
\ifx\languagename\tmp
  ...
\else
  ...
\fi
```

The construction with `\string` is necessary because `\languagename` returns the name with characters of category code 12 (other).

Saving macro definitions

A new way of handling macros that are temporarily redefined was developed by Bernd Raichle and

included in the core of the `babel` system. Two new macros, for use in the language-specific files have been introduced.

These macros, `\babel@savevariable{register}` and `\babel@save{macro}`, append code to `\originalTeX`. This code restores the value (or meaning) of what was saved when `\originalTeX` was executed.

Special characters

Some of the language-specific files introduce one or more characters that are special in some way. Such characters have to be added to `\dospecials` (and `\sanitize` too for L^AT_EX) whenever their special meaning is activated. But, they may have to be removed again when another language, which doesn’t use them, is in effect.

To this end two new control sequences, that are meant to be used in the language-specific files are introduced. They are `\babel@add@special` and `\babel@remove@special` and perform the necessary tasks.

Additional facilities

A specific request from Joachim Schrod for `babel`, was the possibility to extend the definition of a control sequence on the fly. It should, for instance, be possible that the user adds a macro of his own to the definition of `\extrasenglish`.

This feature is now provided by the macro `\addto{\langle control sequence \rangle}{\langle T_E_X code \rangle}`. It is now used throughout the language-specific files to build the macros `\extras{lang}` and `\noextras{lang}`.

The support macros `\allowhyphens`, `\set@low@box` and `\save@sf@q` have been moved from the language-specific files to the core of the `babel` system.

2.1 The files

In the previous release a file called `latexhax.com` was provided. This was needed to provide some macros normally defined by L^AT_EX, to plain T_EX users. The need for this file has been removed in the current release of the `babel` system.

In the previous release of the system, four different files were provided (all derived from `hyphen.doc`) that were needed for different combinations of versions of T_EX and `plain.tex` or `lplain.tex`. This has been changed. In the current version only two different files are derived from `hyphen.doc`. They are `babel.switch` and `babel.hyphen`.

The file `babel.switch` is needed for people who can’t build a new format or don’t have T_EX version 3. The file `babel.hyphen` should be loaded into the format by `iniTeX`. It provides the macros from `babel.switch`, but additionally it reads the file `language.dat`, which specifies the languages for which hyphenation patterns should be loaded.

In the previous release the file `babel.com` contained redefinitions for a lot of L^AT_EX macros to replace texts with control sequences. This has been removed, because it is no longer necessary for releases of L^AT_EX dated december 1991 or later. Those who still have an older release of L^AT_EX can produce a special version of `babel.com` by including the docstrip option `<names>` when stripping the file `babel.doc`.

With the release of the new version of Frank Mittelbach's `doc` package the stripped files are no longer distributed. The distribution of `babel` now includes a file `install.babel` with which you can produce them (give the command `tex install.babel`). ■

3 Changes to the language specific files

Bernd Raichle has invented a solution for things like `\char"45` when the " is active. His solution (from german 2.3e) has been included in `germanb` and is copied for other language specific files that have an active ".

A few terms have been added to the `\captions<...>` macros, again following `german.tex`. These terms are `\prefacename`, `\seename` and `\seealso`. I don't have the correct translations for all languages yet, but that will be repaired as soon as someone provides them to me.

For the dutch language the behaviour of the active double quote has been slightly modified. It has been noted that there is a difference between "e, where a 'trema' should be produced and \"u, where we should get an 'umlaut'. The difference between the two is that the 'trema' should disappear at a hyphenation point, whereas the 'umlaut' should not.

References

- [1] Johannes Braams, *Babel, a multilingual style-option system for use with L^AT_EX's standard document styles*, TUGboat 12 (1991) #2, p. 291–301.
- [2] Joachim Schrod, *International L^AT_EX is ready to use*, TUGboat 11 (1990) #1, p. 87–90.